Joint Research Centre

the European Commission's in-house science service



Serving society Stimulating innovation Supporting legislation

Technology options and */
local resource potentials for renewable power generation

Dr. Arnulf Jäger-Waldau

Regions and cities in the context of sustainable energy and climate change

Košice, 03 October 2019







The Joint Research Centre

€ 386 million Budget annually, plus € 62 million earned income

8

Independent of private, commercial or national interests

30% of activities in policy preparation, 70% in implementation

125 instances of support to the EU policymaker annually

> More than 100 economic, bio-physical and nuclear models

> > Focus on the priorities of the Commission (80% of activities co-designed with partner DG's)

6

locations in 5 Member States: Italy, Belgium, Germany,

The Netherlands, Spain

Policy neutral: has no policy agenda of its own

42

large scale research facilities, more than 110 online databases

1500

core research staff, out of around 3000 total staff

83%

Of core research staff with PhD's

Over 1,400 scientific publications per

year







JRC

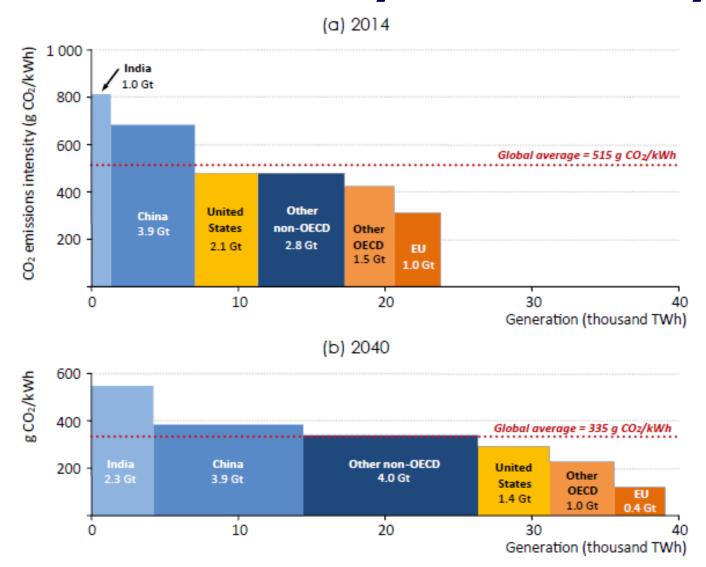


Contents

- Why Decarbonisation of Electricity
- Techchnology options
- Local potentials
- Conclusions



Carbon Intensity of Electricity



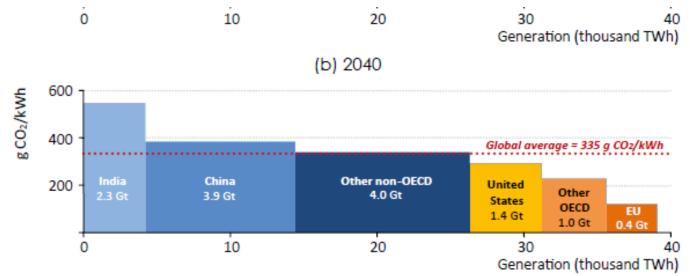


Data source: NPS IEA WTO 2106

Carbon Intensity of Electricity



BUT Needed for 1.5°C Scenario: Below 65g/kWh

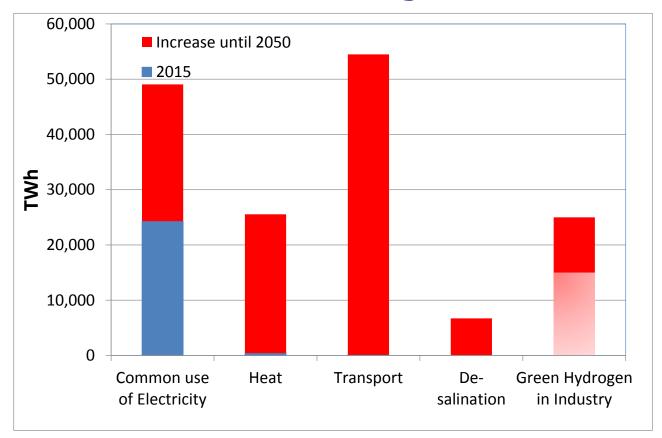


Data source: NPS IEA WTO 2106



New Global Electricity Demand Projections





2015: ~ 24,300 TWh

2050: ~ 160,000 TWh

Data source: LUT U 2019, JRC



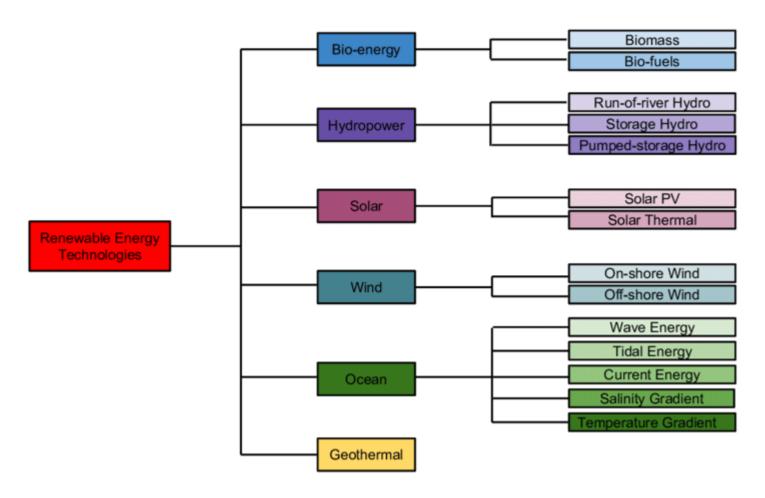
European Electric Power Scenarios for 2050

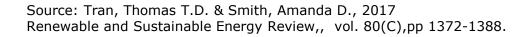
Model	Geog. coverage	Scenario	Total TWh	PV TWh
Lappeenranta Technology University & Energy Watch Group	Global+ European regions	100% RES power (classic el.)	6,221	2,634
		100% RE energy	17,781	11,052
JRC-EU-TIMES (tool for technology cost sensitivity studies)	EU-28	RES9: near- zero CO ₂ for full energy system, no CCS	12,188	3,520

Data source: LUT U, Proceedings of 35th EUPVSEC

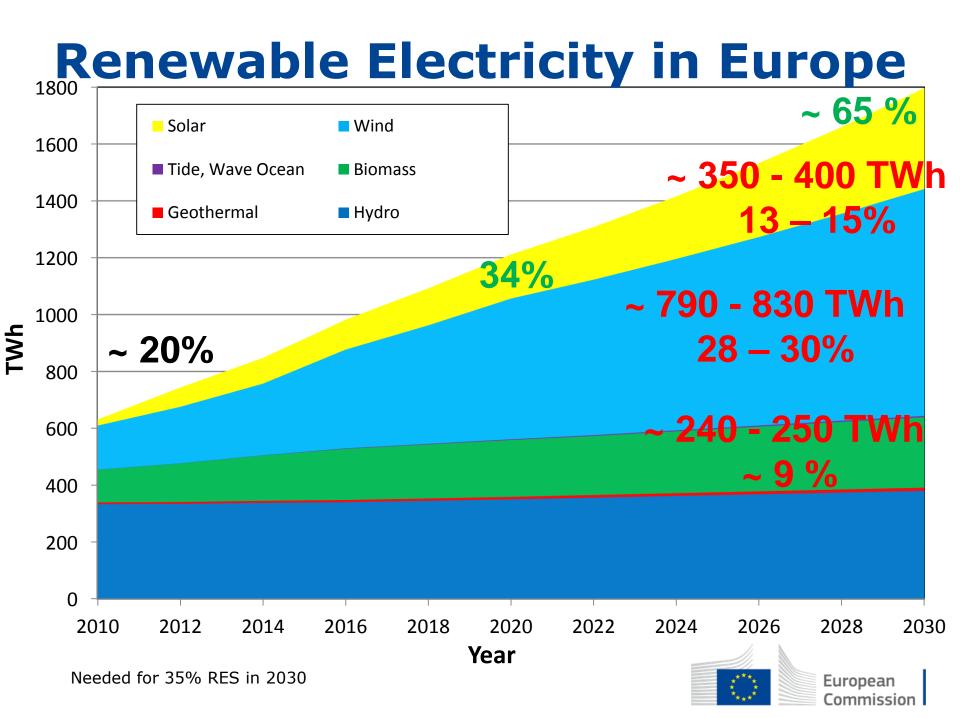


Technology Options









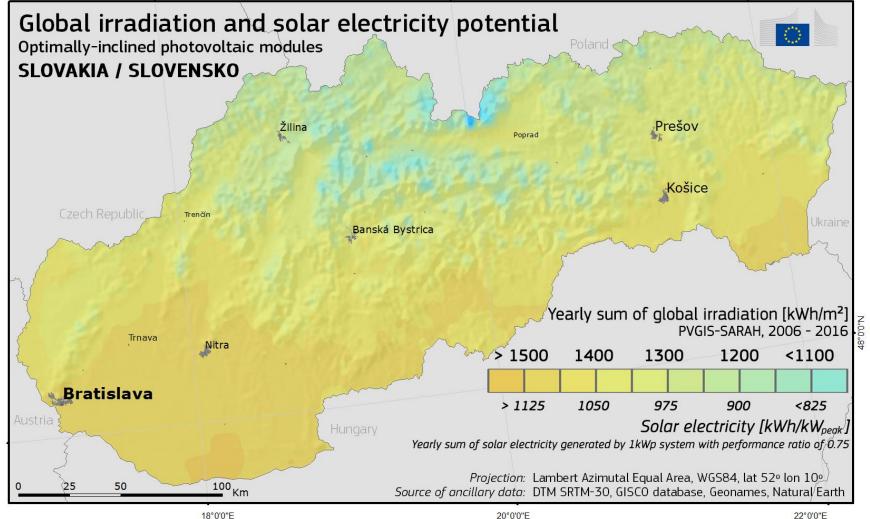
Local Potentials



Picture: Fotolia 76545466

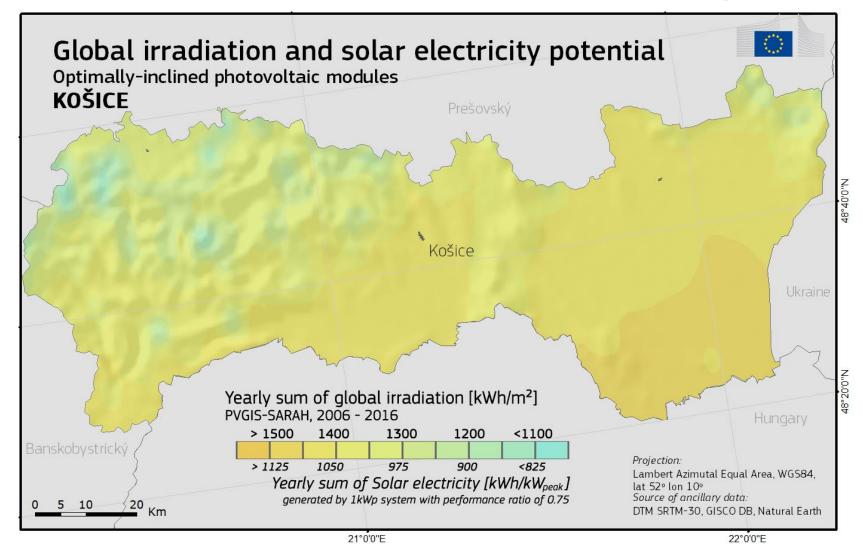


Solar Resources Slovakia



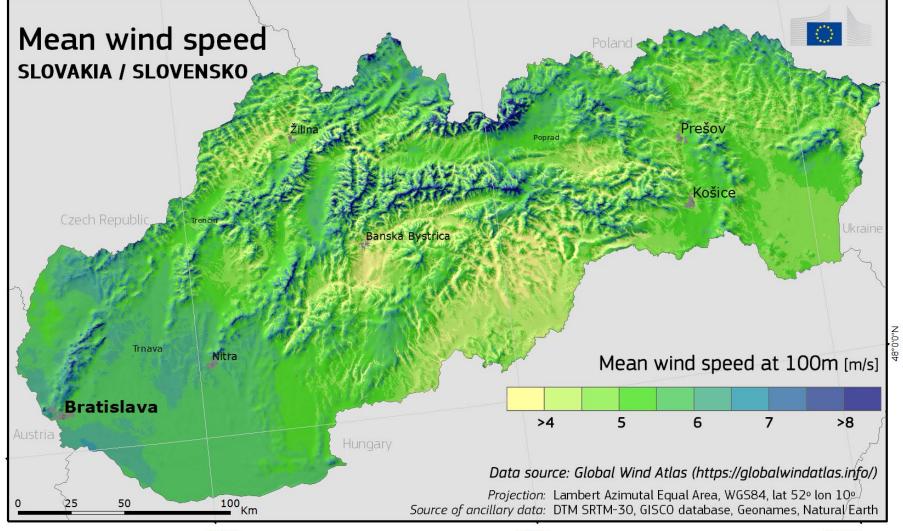
European Commission

Solar Resources Košice Region



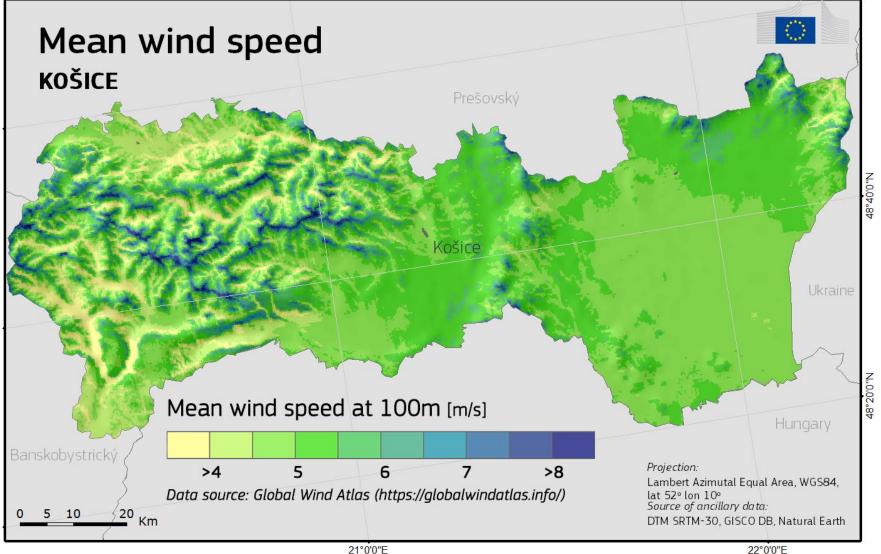


Wind Resources Slovakia





Wind Resources Košice Region



European Commission

Biomass Potential Košice Region

Primary energy (GWh)	Plant Capacity (MW)	Electricity Generation (GWh)	Heat Generation (GWh)		
Total		,			
9,706.75	368.09	2,921.78	5,328.95		
Crop Residues (1)					
1,103.76	41.39	331.13	607.07		
Municipal Solid Waste (2)					
1,145.64	45.83	343.69	630.10		
Livestock Methane (3)					
195.17	8.54	68.31	97.58		
Forest biomass (4)					
7,262.18	272.33	2,178.65	3,994.20		

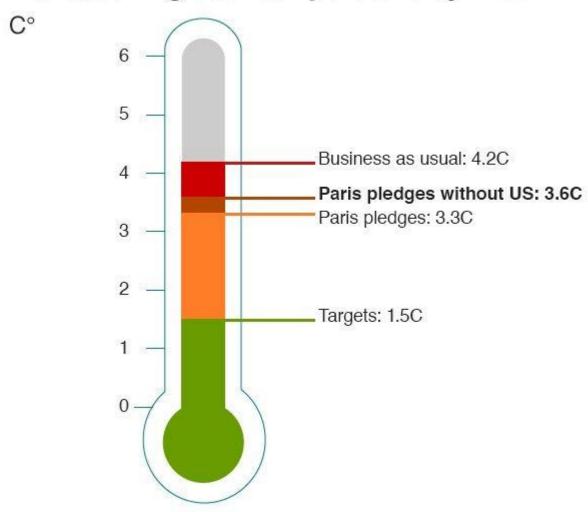


Conclusions

- Decarbonisation of Energy sector mandatory for fulfilling the Paris Agreement
- Solar and wind have the highest growth potential in the power sector
- Local Renewable Energy Resources important for a fair Energy Transition
- Local Renewable Energy Resources offer high potential of local jobs
- Most regions can produce enough power for themselves or even export it



Increase in global temperature by 2100



Uncertainty range on US prediction is 2.1C to 4.7C

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European
Commission

